CLERK, SUPERIOR COURT 10/31/2025 1:39:48 PM Scott A. Ambrose (#012614) 1 BY: ALAN WALKER /s/ Eduardo R. Parra (#036633) **DEPUTY** 2 Case No. C20257683 HON. KYLE BRYSON **BURG SIMPSON ELDREDGE HERSH & JARDINE PC** 3 2390 East Camelback Rd., Suite 403 4 Phoenix, Arizona 85016 Phone: (602) 777-7000 | Fax: (602) 777-7008 5 sambrose@burgsimpson.com eparra@burgsimpson.com 6 azcourt@burgsimpson.com 7 Attornevs for Plaintiffs 8 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA 9 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PIMA 10 11 DEBBI DESISTO, a widowed female, in 12 her individual capacity, and on behalf of Case No. all wrongful death statutory beneficiaries 13 authorized by ARS §12-612, as the 14 surviving family members of JOSEPH DESISTO, deceased, who is survived by 15 his wife Debbi DeSisto, and children **COMPLAINT** Kevin DeSisto, Michael DeSisto, Gina 16 DeSisto, Kristina DeSisto and Joseph (Tort – Gross Negligence; Wrongful 17 DeSisto, Jr., Death) 18 Plaintiffs, Tier 3 19 VS. 20 STATE of ARIZONA, a governmental 21 entity; and ABC PRIVATE PRISON 22 ENTITIES 1-10, 23 Defendants. 24 25 Plaintiffs, for their Complaint against the Defendants, allege as follows: 26 27 28

### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 1. All events giving rise to this Complaint occurred in Pima County, Arizona. The Defendants, individually and/or through their employees or agents, caused events to occur in Pima County, out of which this Complaint arose.
- 2. Venue is proper in Pima County. The minimum jurisdictional amounts established for filing the action in Arizona Superior Court are satisfied. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter.
- 3. Pursuant to Rules 8 and 26.2(c)(3), Arizona Rule of Civil Procedure, Plaintiffs certify this action under Tier 3 based on the damages sought and the issues presented. This is a negligence and gross negligence wrongful death case appropriately designated to Tier 3.
  - 4. Plaintiffs respectfully request and demand a trial by jury on all issues.

## **PLAINTIFFS AND DEFENDANTS**

- 5. At all times alleged herein, Plaintiff **Debbi DeSisto** is a resident of Pima County in the State of Arizona. The lawsuit alleges the wrongful death of her husband, **Joseph DeSisto**, deceased.
- 6. Plaintiffs' husband was **Joseph DeSisto** who was born on February 19, 1943, and died on November 5, 2024.
- 7. **Joseph DeSisto**, the deceased, is survived by his spouse Plaintiff **Debbie DeSisto**, his five children Gina Marie DeSisto, Kristina Ann DeSisto, Michael DeSisto,

  Kevin DeSisto and Joseph Edward DeSisto, Jr. Pursuant to ARS §12-612, Plaintiff **Debbie DeSisto** brings this lawsuit for wrongful death on behalf of herself, and as the statutory

representative for the wrongful death beneficiaries entitled to make claim for the wrongful death of **Jospeh DeSisto**, including herself, Gina Marie DeSisto, Kristina Ann DeSisto, Michael DeSisto, Kevin DeSisto, and Joseph Edward DeSisto, Jr.

- 8. Defendant **State of Arizona** is a governmental entity and is a proper defendant. Timely notice was given of the claims pursued herein to the State of Ariona, pursuant to ARS §12-821.01.
- 9. Defendants ABC Private Prison Entities, 1-10 are believed to be private prison entities housing State of Arizona inmates and operating under state law and regulations. Said Defendants acted tortiously as set forth herein and are liable to Plaintiffs for the wrongful death of Joseph DeSisto. They are listed fictitiously until their true identify becomes known to Plaintiffs.

# **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 10. Plaintiffs re-allege all prior paragraphs of this pleading and incorporate each and every allegation by reference, as if fully set forth herein.
- 11. In November of 2024, Joseph DeSisto was a prison inmate within the Arizona Department of Corrections.
- 12. At all times alleged herein, Defendants were operating and were in control of all operations regarding the Arizona State Prison Complex Tucson, also referred to as the Tucson Prison Complex. Defendants run, operate and are responsible for the safety and operations inside said prison.

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- 13. At all times alleged herein, Defendants were acting by and through their duly authorized employees and agents, including prison employee and prison officials who acted and committed the breaches alleged herein.
- 14. Plaintiff Debbi DeSisto, spoke to her husband, Joseph DeSisto, on November3, 2024, via telephone.
- 15. At the time of the telephone call, it was known Mr. DeSisto was at the Florence Ariona Prison facility.
- 16. Based upon information and belief, on or about November 3 or 4, 2024, Mr. DeSisto was transferred to the Tucson Prison Complex and housed in a cell with Ricky Wassenaar (hereafter "Wassenaar").
- 17. The law is clear on this following issue. The law in Arizona is that State correction officials and employees, including Defendants, have a duty to provide inmates with reasonable protection against foreseeable risks of attack by other prisoners. A breach of said duty is actionable in gross negligence as alleged herein.
- 18. Defendants, including the State of Arizona acting through its prison officials and prison employees, owe a duty to protect prisoners in their custody, including Joseph DeSisto, from violent attacks by other inmates when prison personnel know or have reason to anticipate that another inmate has dangerous propensities and it is foreseeable the other inmate will be violent.
- 19. One who is required by law to take or who voluntarily takes the custody of another under circumstances such as to deprive the other of his normal power of self-protection or to subject him to association with persons likely to harm him, is under a duty

to exercise reasonable care so to control the conduct of third persons as to prevent them from intentionally harming the other or so conducting themselves as to create an unreasonable risk of harm to him, if the actor knows or has reason to know that he has the ability to control the conduct of the third persons, and knows or should know of the necessity and opportunity for exercising such control.

- 20. The State of Arizona knew or should have known that any person housed with Inmate Wassenaar would be in great and serious danger from Wassenaar.
- 21. Based information and belief, when Wassenaar was presented with Joseph DeSisto as a cell mate, he became belligerent, physically violent and attempted to block access to the cell.
- 22. Wassenaar clearly warned prison officials that the cellmate, specifically Joseph DeSisto, would be in serious danger if he remained in the cell with Wassenaar.
- 23. When presenting Joseph DeSisto to be in the cell, Wassenaar protested that there was either a policy or agreement that he was not to have a cell mate. Based on information and belief, there was such a policy and agreement as there was a longstanding housing arrangement where Wassenaar had no cell mate.
- 24. Wassenaar became so upset over having Joseph DeSisto as a cellmate that prison officials had to threaten Wassenaar with punishment.
- 25. Defendants knew or should have known they had the ability to control the conduct of Wassenaar by preventing him from harming cell mates.
- 26. Defendants knew or should have known that there was a necessity Joseph DeSisto reasonably needed protection from Wassenaar.

- 27. Prison officials knew or should have known Wassenaar had a history of violent acts within the Arizona prison system, and other prison systems in the United States. Defendants knew that Wassenaar had orchestrated a violent 2004 hostage standoff at the Arizona State Prison Complex-Lewis, where he held two correctional officers hostage for 15 days. During that incident, officials were also aware of credible allegations that one of the hostages was repeatedly sexually assaulted, and Wassenaar was later convicted of kidnapping and aggravated assault in connection with the takeover.
- 28. Defendants had an opportunity to protect Joseph DeSisto from Wassenaar but they failed to do so.
- 29. Defendants took the custody of Joseph DeSisto under circumstances such as to deprive Joseph DeSisto of his normal power of self-protection.
- 30. Defendants subjected Joseph DeSisto to an association with persons likely to harm DeSisto. Defendants breached their duty owed to Joseph DeSisto by failing to exercise reasonable care so to control the conduct of third persons, namely Wassenaar, as to prevent Wassenaar from intentionally harming Joseph DeSisto. Defendants created an unreasonable risk of harm to DeSisto because Defendants knew or had reason to know that they had the ability to control the conduct of Wassenaar or otherwise prevent him from harming DeSisto, and Defendant knew or should have known of the necessity and opportunity for exercising such control to prevent Wassenaar from doing harm.
- 31. Defendants failed to provide Joseph DeSisto with reasonable protection against foreseeable risks of attack by other prisoners, including Wassenaar. Their breach

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of said duty was the proximate cause of Joseph DeSisto's tragic death that occurred when Wassenaar strangled or otherwise killed Joseph DeSisto, as was foreseeable to Defendants.

- 32. Shortly after Mr. DeSisto was forced to be cellmate with Wassenaar, and within 24 hours of being cellmates, Wassenaar murdered, attacked, choked, strangled, suffocated and/or violent killed Joseph DeSisto, who was found dead in the cell having been placed their one day prior.
- 33. Ricky Wassenaar repeatedly confessed and admitted to killing Joseph DeSisto to prison officials.
- 34. Based upon information and belief, Defendants, by and through their agents and employees, received information of Ricky Wassenaar's confession.
- 35. Defendants knew or should have known Wassenaar posed a real, serious and grave threat to other inmates who may be housed with Wassenaar as a cellmate.
- 36. Prison officials ignored the warnings of danger of housing Joseph DeSisto with Ricky Wassenaar as cellmates. Doing so constituted foreseeable and likely harm to Joseph DeSisto

# COUNT I Gross Negligence Causing Wrongful Death

- 37. Plaintiffs re-allege all prior paragraphs of this pleading and incorporate each and every allegation by reference, as if fully set forth within it.
- 38. This claim for relief is brought under the terms of the Arizona Wrongful Death Statute, ARS §12-612.

- 39. Defendants, including State of Arizona, by and through its agents and employees, were grossly or wantonly negligent by failing to protect Joseph DeSisto from foreseeable violence at the hands of other inmates, namely Wassenaar. Defendants were grossly or wantonly negligent by acting or failing to act when they knew or had reason to know of facts which would lead a reasonable person to realize that their conduct created an unreasonable risk of bodily harm to Joseph DeSisto and their actions or failure to act involved a high probability that\_substantial harm to DeSisto would result.
- 40. Defendants knew or had reason to know of facts which would lead a reasonable person to realize that their conduct created an unreasonable risk of bodily harm to Joseph DeSisto. Defendants acts or failure to act involved a high probability that\_substantial harm to DeSisto would occur.
- 41. Arizona Department of Corrections, Tucson Prison Complex, knew or should have known Ricky Wassenaar was a true, serious, and actual threat to Joseph DeSisto.
- 42. State of Arizona and its agents owed a duty to protect Joseph DeSisto from foreseeable harm. Breach of said duty is in violation of Arizona Department of Corrections Housing Policies.
- 43. Defendants breached each of the duties alleged and outlined herein. Said breaches include but are not limited to Defendants unreasonable failure to provide Joseph DeSisto with reasonable protection against foreseeable risks of attack by other prisoners, including Wassenaar. Their breach of said duty was the proximate cause of Joseph

DeSisto's tragic death that occurred when Wassenaar strangled or otherwise killed Joseph DeSisto, as was foreseeable to Defendants.

- 44. Joseph DeSisto's family members and statutory beneficiaries have been damaged due to his untimely and wrongful death. Surviving family members who can bring a claim for wrongful death for Joseph DeSisto include his spouse and children who are identified herein.
- 45. The spouse and each child of Joseph DeSisto have suffered their respective loss over the death of Joseph DeSisto, and each of their respective damages include, but are not limited to the following: the loss of love, affection, companionship, care, protection, and guidance since the death and in the future; the pain, grief, sorrow, anguish, stress, shock, and mental suffering already experienced, and reasonably probable to be experienced in the future; the income and services that have already been lost as a result of the death, and that are reasonably probable to be lost in the future; the reasonable expenses of funeral and burial; and the reasonable expenses of necessary medical care and services for the injury that resulted in the death.
- 46. The above-mentioned allegations state a viable and appropriate claim for the wrongful death of Joseph DeSisto against Defendants.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, Plaintiffs, the statutory representative, spouse, and children of Joseph DeSisto each pray for judgment and damages against Defendants as follows:

A. For general compensatory damages in an amount to be proven at trial in excess of the minimum jurisdictional limits of this Court;

1	B. For special damages according to proof;
2	C. For attorneys' fees;
3	D. For costs of suit; and
4	E. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.
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6	RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 31st day of October 2025.
7	BURG SIMPSON ELDREDGE
8	HERSH & JARDINE P.C.
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11	/s/ Scott A. Ambrose
12	Scott A. Ambrose
13	Eduardo R. Parra Attorneys for Plaintiffs
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