VIRGINIA: IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE CITY OF CHESAPEAKE

BRIANA MARIE TYLER,

Plaintiff,

v. CASE NO.

WALMART, INC., t/a Walmart Supercenter

Serve: CT Corporation System, Registered Agent

4701 Cox Road, Suite 285 Glen Allen, Virginia 23060

Defendant.

#### **COMPLAINT**

COMES NOW the Plaintiff, Briana Marie Tyler, (hereinafter referred to as "Plaintiff"), by counsel, and moves this Honorable Court for a judgment and award of execution against the Defendant, Walmart, Inc., t/a Walmart Supercenter (hereinafter referred to as "Walmart"), in the amount of **FIFTY MILLION DOLLARS and 00/100 (\$50,000,000.00)**, together with prejudgment interest from November 22, 2022, as well as her costs expended, and such other and further relief as this Court may deem appropriate, for the reasons more particularly set forth as follows:

#### **PARTIES**

- 1. The plaintiff, a resident of Virginia Beach, is an individual who at all relevant times was an individual employed by the defendant Walmart.
- 2. The defendant Walmart is a national corporation headquartered in Bentonville, Arkansas, and owns, runs and operates the Walmart Supercenter located at 1521 Sam's Circle, Chesapeake, Virginia, 23320, (Chesapeake Walmart), and as of October, 2022, reported annual sales in 2021 of 559.151 Billion Dollars, and reported annual profit of 146.292 Billion Dollars.

### **FACTS**

- On November 22, 2022, the plaintiff was beginning her shift at the Chesapeake
   Walmart, and was standing in the breakroom awaiting shift instructions from team
   lead Andre Bing (Bing).
- 4. At this time, Bing entered the breakroom standing in the doorway, and suddenly began firing a 9 mm handgun randomly throughout the breakroom, striking, injuring and murdering co-workers of the plaintiff.
- 5. Bing, at all times relevant hereto, was an employee of Walmart, having first been employed in 2010.
- 6. The bullets fired by Bing missed the plaintiff by inches.
- 7. Bing then exited the breakroom, turning right as he exited, and proceeding down the adjacent hallway.
- 8. Upon Bing exiting the breakroom, the plaintiff ran as fast as she could out of the breakroom, through the same door in which Bing was standing, and turned left, terrified and seeking to escape the deadly rampage being imposed upon the plaintiff and her colleagues.
- 9. While running down the hallway, seeking to escape Bing, and eventually entering the retail store area of the Chesapeake Walmart, the plaintiff became aware that Bing was now chasing her and firing his gun at her.
- 10. The plaintiff was aware of bullets flying near her head, narrowly missing her, which fact was confirmed by video evidence in the possession of Walmart.
- 11. On November 28, 2022, the plaintiff spoke with Clay Thrasher, an agent of Walmart, who informed her that video surveillance in the possession of Walmart confirmed that Bing followed the plaintiff into the retail section of the Chesapeake Walmart and was

- firing his gun at her.
- 12. The plaintiff was able to escape the rampaging Bing by running as fast as she could, injuring both of her legs and experiencing acute chest pain while being chased by Bing.
- 13. Eventually the plaintiff reached the parking lot of the Chesapeake Walmart, and exited the Chesapeake Walmart property with her mother, who had come to pick her up upon receiving a frantic call from the plaintiff.
- 14. Investigation by law enforcement subsequent to the plaintiff exiting the property revealed that six people were killed by Bing, and multiple others injured. Bing later turned the gun upon himself and killed himself in the breakroom on the night of November 22, 2022.
- 15. Upon returning to her home immediately after the herein described shooting on November 22, 2022, the plaintiff examined the jacket that she was wearing, (see picture on the following page) and realized, upon information and belief, that the bullets that she experienced being fired at her earlier that night had missed her literally by inches, and had gone through the hood of her jacket, inches from her head.



- 16. During plaintiff's employment at the Chesapeake Walmart, it was well known to her that Bing was an individual to be avoided, and one who had a history of disturbing behavior, including, but not limited to:
  - a. threatening and berating co-employees at the Chesapeake Walmart;
  - b. harassing co-employees; and
  - c. threatening to kill co-employees if Bing were ever fired.
- 17. Upon information and belief, including statements reported publicly from prior and current employees of the Chesapeake Walmart, supervisors of Walmart knew prior to November 22, 2022, of the dangerous and violent propensities of Bing.
- 18. Upon information and belief, prior to this mass shooting, Bing had been demoted by management for his improper and disturbing interactions with others, but then reinstated as team lead.

- 19. Bing demonstrated a pattern of disturbing behavior leading up to the shooting, of which Walmart knew or should have known.
- 20. Bing's behavior prior to the shooting put Walmart on notice that Mr. Bing was violent and could harm others.
- 21. In fact, many Walmart employees and managers had observed Mr. Bing exhibit bizarre and threatening behavior leading up to the shooting.
- 22. Upon information and belief, Walmart and its managers were aware of Bing's behavior and threats, but kept employing him anyway.
- 23. Upon information and belief, Bing was previously disciplined for his bad behavior and harassment of other employees.
- 24. Upon information and belief, Bing was disciplined leading up to the shooting, making his violent outburst predictable and foreseeable.
- 25. Despite Bing's long-standing pattern of disturbing and threatening behavior,
  Walmart did not terminate Bing to keep Walmart customers and employees safe.
- 26. Despite Bing's long-standing pattern of disturbing and threatening behavior,
  Walmart continued to permit Mr. Bing access to the breakroom and other common areas.
- 27. Walmart had a special relationship with Bing as his employer, whereby Walmart could have terminated his employment.
- 28. The violent and murderous actions of Bing were foreseeable by the defendant.
- 29. The management and supervisors of the Chesapeake Walmart received complaints from employees, and parents of employees, asking them to remove Bing as an employee, or be removed from a position of leadership, as a result of his violent and dangerous propensities.

- 30. Despite the knowledge of Walmart supervisors and management, and despite the pleas from employees and parents of employees to remove Bing from his position of leadership, or from employment all together, Walmart did nothing.
- 31. Walmart's failure to remove Bing from employment, and Walmart's failure to remove Bing from a position of leadership constitutes reckless conduct, gross negligence, negligent hiring, and negligent retention of Bing, for which it is liable.
- 32. Bing was a dangerous employee who Walmart knew or should have known was dangerous, violent, unstable, and likely to cause injury, including death to others.
- 33. Bing was a dangerous employee who Walmart knew or should have known was dangerous, violent, unstable, and likely to commit criminal acts, such as the attempted murder of the plaintiff, and the actual murder of plaintiff's co-workers.
- 34. Walmart had a special relationship with all of its employees, including the plaintiff and her co-workers at the Chesapeake Walmart, and thus had a duty to keep them safe from harm, including murder and attempted murder.
- 35. There is no causal connection between the attempted murder of the plaintiff by Bing and the conditions under which Walmart required plaintiff's work to be done.
- 36. The attempted murder of the plaintiff by Bing did not arise out of her employment.
- 37. The risk of future harm was so grave that discharging Bing was the only reasonable response by Walmart once learning of Bing's violent and dangerous propensities.
- 38. Walmart showed utter disregard of prudence, amounting to the complete gross neglect and disregard for the safety of others by retaining Bing as an employee,

despite knowing his propensity for violence, including murder and attempted murder, which disregard and neglect is shocking to reasonable people.

## COUNT I NEGLIGENT HIRING AND RETENTION

- 39. Paragraphs 1 through 38 are hereby incorporated by reference.
- 40. At all relevant times described herein, the defendant Walmart was an employer and supervisor of Bing.
- 41. Despite being aware that Bing was exhibiting violent tendencies towards coworkers, and despite being aware that Bing was mentally unstable, Walmart did nothing, and allowed Bing to remain as an employee.
- 42. Walmart had a duty to terminate the employment of Bing as a result of the violent and dangerous propensities and tendencies being displayed by Bing, yet failed to do so, resulting in harm to the plaintiff.
- 43. Walmart breached that duty by:
  - a. employing Bing, who had known propensities for violence, threats, and strange behavior; and
  - b. retaining Bing, and failing to discharge Bing prior to November 22, 2022, who had known propensities for violence, threats, and strange behavior.
- 44. The plaintiff was physically injured, harmed, and will be physically and emotionally injured and harmed for the rest of her life, as a result of that breach.

# COUNT II RESPONDEAT SUPERIOR LIABILITY

- 45. Paragraphs 1 through 44 are hereby incorporated by reference.
- 46. At all times material herein, Bing was an employee, agent or representative of Walmart.

- 47. At all times material herein, Bing was acting within the scope of the duties of the employment and in the execution of the service for which Bing was engaged, i.e., as team lead for the team in which plaintiff was employed.
- 48. The attempted murder of the plaintiff was performed while Bing was acting as the team lead for Walmart at the Chesapeake Walmart.
- 49. As a direct result of the attempted murder of the plaintiff by Bing, the plaintiff was physically and emotionally injured and harmed, and will continue to be harmed for the rest of her life.

## COUNT III GROSS NEGLIGENCE

- 50. Paragraphs 1 through 49 are hereby incorporated by reference.
- 51. Walmart's retention of Bing as an employee, the failure to terminate him as an employee prior to November 22, 2022, and the failure to respond to complaints received by Walmart management, constitutes a breach of the duty owed by Walmart to the plaintiff, and constitutes gross negligence.
- 52. The plaintiff has been harmed by such breaches.
- 53. As a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid breaches of duty and gross negligence of Walmart, the Plaintiff has endured, and will endure for the rest of her life, the following:
- a. physical injuries to her legs and chest;
- b. extreme pain and suffering, including both psychological and physical suffering;
- c. night fright;
- d. paranoia;
- e. fear of dark places;

f. agoraphobia;

g. fear of being in public places, including, but not limited to, fear of enrolling her

4 year old son in public school, and being at public school with him;

g. lost present and future wages; and

h. present and future medical bills.

54. The trauma occasioned to the plaintiff described herein, horrific by nature, is ongoing,

and the plaintiff will be dealing with the nightmarish event and injuries that came literally

within inches of taking her life, for the rest of her life.

WHEREFORE, for the reasons set forth above, your Plaintiff moves this Honorable Court

for a judgment and award of execution against the defendant Walmart in the amount of FIFTY

MILLION DOLLARS and 00/100 (\$50,000,000.00), in compensatory damages together with

interest from November 22, 2022, to date, as well as her costs expended in these proceedings and

such other and further relief as this Court may deem appropriate.

A TRIAL BY JURY IS HEREBY DEMANDED.

BRIANA MARIE TYLER

Of Counsel

Mark J. Favaloro, Esquire Virginia Bar No.: 77672

Favaloro Law

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COVER SHEET FOR FILING CIVIL ACTIONS COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA		Case No(CLERK'S OFFICE USE ONLY)	
	CHESAPEAKE	Circuit Court	
BRIANA MARIE TYLE  PLAINTIFF(S)	R v./In re:	WALMART, INC. t/a Walmart Supercenter  DEFENDANT(S)	
		defendant hereby notify the Clerk of Court that I am filing identifies the claim being asserted or relief sought.)	
GENERAL CIVIL Subsequent Actions [ ] Claim Impleading Third Party Defendant         [ ] Monetary Damages         [ ] No Monetary Damages [ ] Counterclaim         [ ] Monetary Damages         [ ] No Monetary Damages [ ] Cross Claim [ ] Interpleader [ ] Reinstatement (other than divorce or driving privileges) [ ] Removal of Case to Federal Court  Business & Contract [ ] Attachment [ ] Confessed Judgment [ ] Contract Action [ ] Contract Specific Performance [ ] Detinue [ ] Garnishment  Property [ ] Annexation [ ] Condemnation [ ] Ejectment [ ] Encumber/Sell Real Estate [ ] Enforce Vendor's Lien [ ] Escheatment [ ] Establish Boundaries [ ] Landlord/Tenant         [ ] Unlawful Detainer [ ] Mechanics Lien [ ] Partition [ ] Quiet Title [ ] Termination of Mineral Rights  Tort [ ] Asbestos Litigation [ ] Compromise Settlement [ ] Intentional Tort [ ] Medical Malpractice [ ] Motor Vehicle Tort [ ] Product Liability [ ] Wrongful Death [ X Other General Tort Liability	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW  [ ] Appeal/Judicial Review of (select one)   [ ] ABC Board   [ ] Board of Zoning   [ ] Compensation Board   [ ] DMV License Suspensi   [ ] Employee Grievance D   [ ] Employment Commissi   [ ] Local Government   [ ] Marine Resources Com   [ ] School Board   [ ] Voter Registration   [ ] Other Administrative A  DOMESTIC/FAMILY  [ ] Adoption   [ ] Adoption – Foreign   [ ] Adult Protection   [ ] Annulment   [ ] Annulment   [ ] Annulment   [ ] Complaint – Countered Pleading   [ ] Child Abuse and Neglect – Complaint   [ ] Civil Contempt   [ ] Divorce (select one)   [ ] Complaint – Uncontested [ ] Complaint – Uncontested [ ] Counterclaim/Responsi   [ ] Reinstatement – Custody/Visitation/Sup Distribution   [ ] Separate Maintenance   [ ] Separate Maintenance   [ ] Separate Maintenance   [ ] Mandamus   [ ] Prohibition   [ ] Quo Warranto	PROBATE/WILLS AND TRUSTS  [ ] Accounting [ ] Aid and Guidance [ ] Appointment (select one) [ ] Guardian/Conservator [ ] Standby Guardian/Conservator [ ] Custodian/Successor Custodian (UTMA excision on o	
Damages in the amount of \$ .50,000,000.00	are claimed		
12/7/22	[]PLAINTIFF []I	EFENDANT MATTORNEY FOR MPLAINTIFF	
Mark J. Favaloro, Esquire - FAV		[] DEFENDANT	
295 Bendix Road, Suit	te 210	*"Contested" divorce means any of the following matters are in	
ADDRESS/TELEPHONE NUMBER OF Virginia Beach, VA 2		dispute: grounds of divorce, spousal support and maintenance, child custody and/or visitation, child support, property distribution	

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EMAIL ADDRESS OF SIGNATOR (OPTIONAL)

or debt allocation. An "Uncontested" divorce is filed on no fault grounds and none of the above issues are in dispute.

# Civil Action Type Codes (Clerk's Office Use Only)

Accounting		Encumber/Sell Real Estate	
Adoption	ADOP	Enforce Vendor's Lien	VEND
Adoption - Foreign	FORA	Escheatment	ESC
Adult Protection	PROT	Establish Boundaries	ESTB
Aid and Guidance	AID	Expungement	XPUN
Amend Death Certificate	ADC	Forfeiture of Property or Money	FORF
Annexation	ANEX	Freedom of Information	FOI
Annulment	ANUL	Garnishment	GARN
Annulment - Counterclaim/Responsive Pleading ACRP		Injunction	INJ
Appeal/Judicial Review		Intentional Tort	ITOR
ABC Board	ABC	Interdiction	INTD
Board of Zoning	ZONE	Interpleader	INTP
Compensation Board	ACOM	Interrogatory	INTR
DMV License Suspension		Judgment Lien - Bill to Enforce	
Employment Commission		Landlord/Tenant	
Employment Grievance Decision		Law Enforcement/Public Official Petition	
Local Government		Mechanics Lien	
Marine Resources		Medical Malpractice	
School Board		Motor Vehicle Tort	
Voter Registration		Name Change	
Other Administrative Appeal		Other General Tort Liability	
Appointment		Partition	
Conservator of Peace	COP	Permit, Unconstitutional Grant/Denial by Loc	
Church Trustee		Petition – (Miscellaneous)	
Custodian/Successor Custodian (UTMA)		Product Liability	
Guardian/Conservator		Quiet Title	
Marriage Celebrant		Referendum Elections	
Standby Guardian/Conservator		Reinstatement (Other than divorce or driving	<b>LLL</b> C
Approval of Transfer of Structured Settlement		privileges)	PEIN
Asbestos Litigation		Removal of Case to Federal Court	PEM
Assessos Enigation		Restore Firearms Rights – Felony	
Bond Forfeiture Appeal		Restore Firearms Rights – Review	DEDD
Child Abuse and Neglect – Unfounded Complain		Separate Maintenance	
		Separate Maintenance — Counterclaim/Respon	
Civil ContemptClaim Impleading Third Party Defendant –	CCON	Pleading	
	OTD	Sever Order	
Monetary Damages/No Monetary Damages			
Complaint – (Miscellaneous)		Sex Change	COS
Compromise Settlement		Taxes	OT 4 37
Condemnation		Correct Erroneous State/Local	
Confessed Judgment		Delinquent	DTAX
Contract Action		Termination of Mineral Rights	
Contract Specific Performance		Trust - Impress/Declare/Create	
Counterclaim - Monetary Damages/No Monetar		Trust - Reformation	
Damages		Uniform Foreign Country Money Judgments.	
Cross Claim		Unlawful Detainer	
Declaratory Judgment		Vehicle Confiscation	
Declare Death	DDTH	Violation – Election Law	
Detinue	DET	Voting Rights – Restoration	
Divorce		Will Construction	
Complaint - Contested/Uncontested	DIV	Will Contested	WILL
Counterclaim/Responsive Pleading	DCRP	Writs	
Reinstatement - Custody/Visitation/Support		Certiorari	
Equitable Distribution		Habeas Corpus	WHC
Driving Privileges		Mandamus	WM
Reinstatement pursuant to § 46.2-427	DRIV	Prohibition	WP
Restoration – 3 <sup>rd</sup> Offense		Quo Warranto	WQW
Ejectment		Wrongful Death	